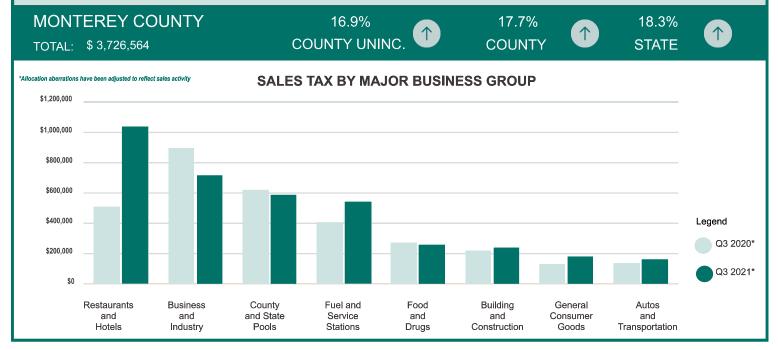
MONTEREY COUNTY UNINC.

SALES TAX UPDATE

3Q 2021 (JULY - SEPTEMBER)







MONTEREY COUNTY UNINCORPORATED HIGHLIGHTS

The unincorporated area's receipts from July through September were 11.8% above the third sales period in 2020. After reporting modifications, actual sales grew 16.9%. Place of sale collections soared 22.1% compared to the extreme pandemic lows of a year ago.

Third quarter of 2021 reflected high consumer confidence and a return of tourism to the central coast. Casual dining, hotels and leisure/entertainment roared back as people once again enjoyed dining out and visiting the region.

Similarly, service station revenues spiked as higher gas prices and increased travel propelled receipts back to prepandemic levels. Home furnishings related sales contributed to positive general consumer goods results; and transportation rentals pushed up autostransportation receipts.

Conversely, the county's share of the countywide use tax pool allocations dipped 4.6%; however, the countywide pools remain a solid source of revenue, boosted by taxes on online purchases as people continue to embrace e-commerce.

Business-industry is somewhat artificially skewed down by a missing payment, and several high prior year comparisons. The decline in food-drugs is likely attributed a high shopping period a year ago and less at-home dining.

Net of adjustments, taxable sales for all of Monterey County grew 17.7% over the comparable time period; the Central Coast region was up 16.5%.



TOP 25 PRODUCERS

Bernardus Lodge C & N Tractors

Carmel Valley Ranch

Chevron

Core & Main

CVS Pharmacv

Dune Company of

Salinas

Helena Chemical Company

Irrigation Design & Construction

Kleen Globe

Kristich Monterey

Concrete Pipe Monterey Fuel

Company

Nepenthe

Pacifc Ag Rentals

Pebble Beach Resorts

Phil's Fish Market

Prundale Valero/ferm's Service

Rinaldi Oaks Valero

Royal Oaks Valero

Safeway

Shell

Sturdy Oil Company

Valero

Ventana Big Sur

Wilbur Ellis



STATEWIDE RESULTS

Local one cent sales and use tax receipts for sales occurring July through September were 18% higher than the same quarter one year ago after adjusting for accounting anomalies and back payments from previous quarters. These aberrations had been much greater than normal in the last two years as the Governor's Executive Orders allowed businesses to defer some sales tax payments as a supportive measure during the pandemic. This program has now expired, and merchant remittances are more consistent, making cash receipts more reflective of underlying economic activity.

The prior year comparison quarter was the start of the pandemic recovery, and the strong growth enjoyed since continued with the recent results.

Surprisingly, one of the stronger sectors has been restaurants and hotels. Originally forecasted to take an extended amount of time to recover, statewide sales tax generated during the summer months exceeded amounts from pre-pandemic 2019. Even with the availability of indoor and outdoor dining, pent up demand resulted in long wait times to enjoy local culinary experiences. When combined with increasing restaurant tabs as the cost of food and staff wages surge, sales tax remittances are expected to continue growing. Additionally, while the industry awaits the return of foreign tourism in metropolitan areas, strong domestic travel has helped varied regions around the state especially Southern California and the Central Coast.

Receipts from general consumer goods marked a steady recovery, led by apparel retailers, jewelry, electronic/appliance and specialty outlets. Discount department stores, especially those selling gas, helped exemplify the strength of brick-and-mortar

merchants. Gains from the countywide use tax pools however, slowed to 2% compared to the high-water mark last year, which had been boosted by new tax collecting requirements imposed under AB 147 for online retailers. All things considered, when combined with positive economic trends, these are a welcome sign leading up to the holiday shopping period.

Although car dealers had expressed concerns about inventory shortages due to supply chain disruptions and computer chip shortages earlier in the year, the sale of new and used vehicles posted solid gains regardless. Higher property values and good weather contributed to strong building

materials and contractor returns. As commuting workers and travelers returned to the road with increased gas prices, fuel and service stations also experienced a dramatic recovery.

Overall growth is expected to continue through the end of the 2021 calendar year. Possible headwinds into 2022 include: pent up demand for travel and experiences shifting spending away from taxable goods; higher prices for fuel, merchandise and services displacing more of consumer's disposable income; and expected interest rate hikes resulting in more costly financing for automobiles, homes, and consumer loans.



TOP NON-CONFIDENTIAL BUSINESS TYPES Unincorporated County County **HdL State** Q3 '21* **Business Type** Change Change Change 143.7% 162.2% 165.7% Hotels-Liquor 618.8 18.0% 36.2% 53.6% Service Stations 391.6 Garden/Agricultural Supplies 263.3 2.5% 4.3% 1.2% Casual Dining 57.7% 68.1% 68.4% 224.1 Contractors 157.2 13.9% 19.3% 12.2% Petroleum Prod/Equipment 142.5 36.5% 61.0% 116.8% **Grocery Stores** 118.4 -8.8% 0.0% -0.2% 270.6% Leisure/Entertainment 152.9% 273.3% 112.6 Repair Shop/Equip. Rentals 91.8 23.3% 16.4% 9.0% Warehse/Farm/Const. Equip. 90.0 -60.2% -23.6% 4.2% *Allocation aberrations have been adjusted to reflect sales activity *In thousands of dollars