



# Public Safety Realignment



## Annual Statistical Report Fiscal Year: 2023-2024

October 23, 2024



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## **Monterey County**

*Public Safety Realignment Annual Report: FY 2023/24*

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### Report Overview

California's Public Safety Realignment (AB109/117), enacted in October 2011, significantly impacted public safety agencies in Monterey County. These legislative changes altered the sentencing structure for new crimes, affecting jail population and composition, as well as the populations supervised by Probation.

The purpose of this report is to share statistical information related to realigned populations and service delivery in conjunction with the Community Corrections Partnership. The data presented in this report is primarily derived from Probation's case management system, Tyler Enterprise Supervision (ESUP), and the jail management system, Track Net. Additional statistics are collected from internal departmental staff.



## Community Supervision

Public safety realignment resulted in a new type of probation supervision referred to as Community Supervision.” This population includes individuals who have served their prison sentence and are released to Probation for three years of supervision, known as Post Release Community Supervision (PRCS).

Additionally, community supervision encompasses individuals who, prior to October 2011, would have been sentenced to prison. Due to legislative changes, they are now sentenced to jail to serve a “local prison” sentence under Penal Code 1170(h). The court has the option to split this sentence, allowing a portion of the jail time to be served on “Mandatory Supervision.” In other words, after a designated time in jail, the remainder of the sentence is served in the community under Mandatory Supervision.

The data below reflects cases supervised and numbers of people released from custody for supervision.

Chart 1

**PRCS and Mandatory Supervision Cases Active (FY23-24)**

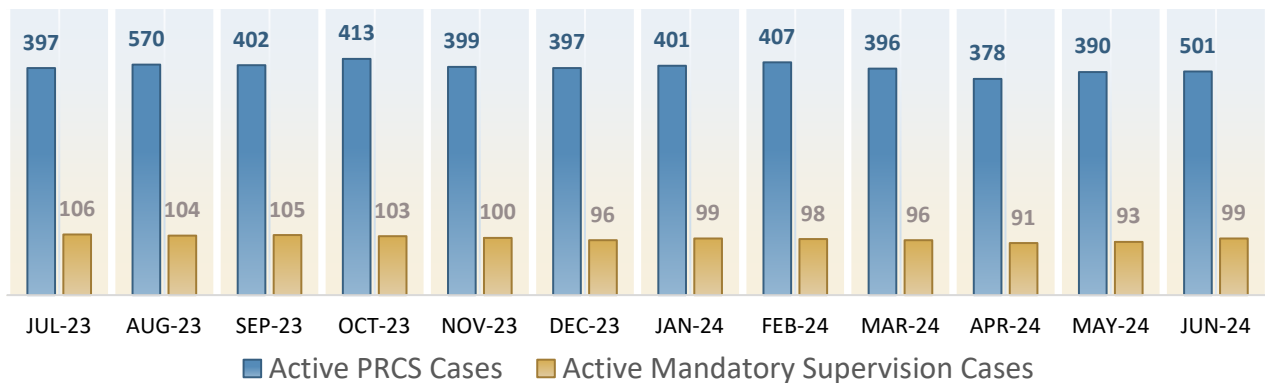
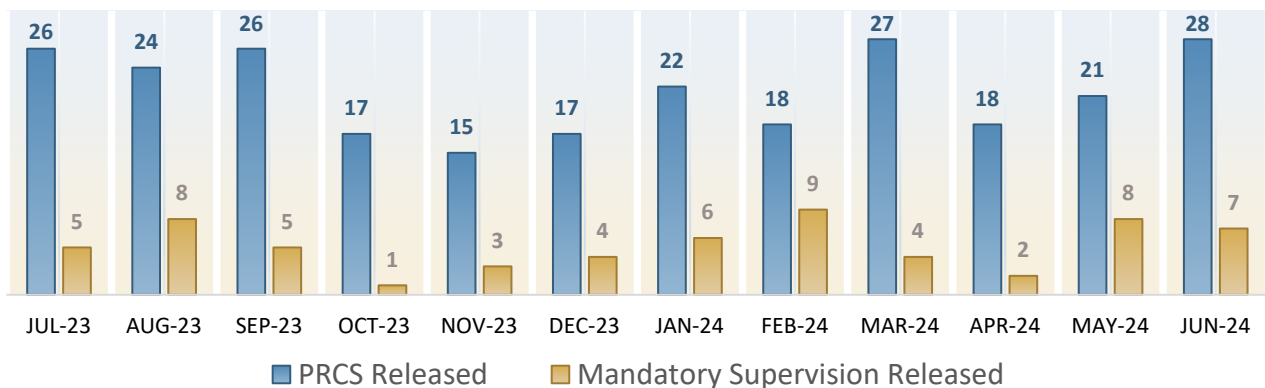


Chart 2

**PRCS and Mandatory Supervision Cases: Released from Custody Each Month (FY23-24)**



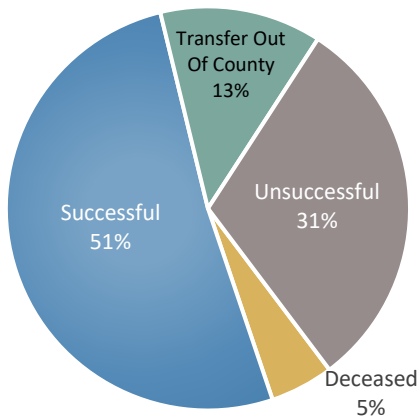


### Community Supervision Case Outcomes

Case closures are presented for those that were active on PRCS and Mandatory Supervision (MS) during the fiscal year.

Chart 3

#### PRCS Cases Closed



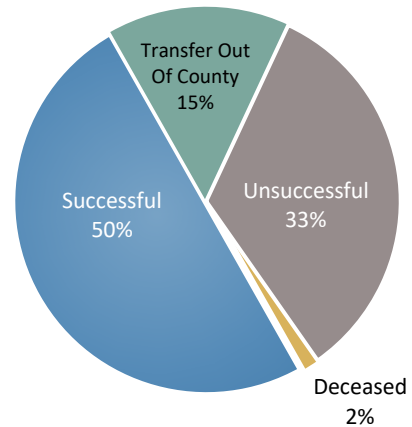
Total Number of Cases Active the FY: 641  
Number of cases closed: 228

Table 1

PRCS Unsuccessful Reasons	
Violation for a Technical	0%
Violation for New Misdemeanor	0%
Violation for New Felony	100%

Chart 4

#### Mandatory Supervision Cases Closed



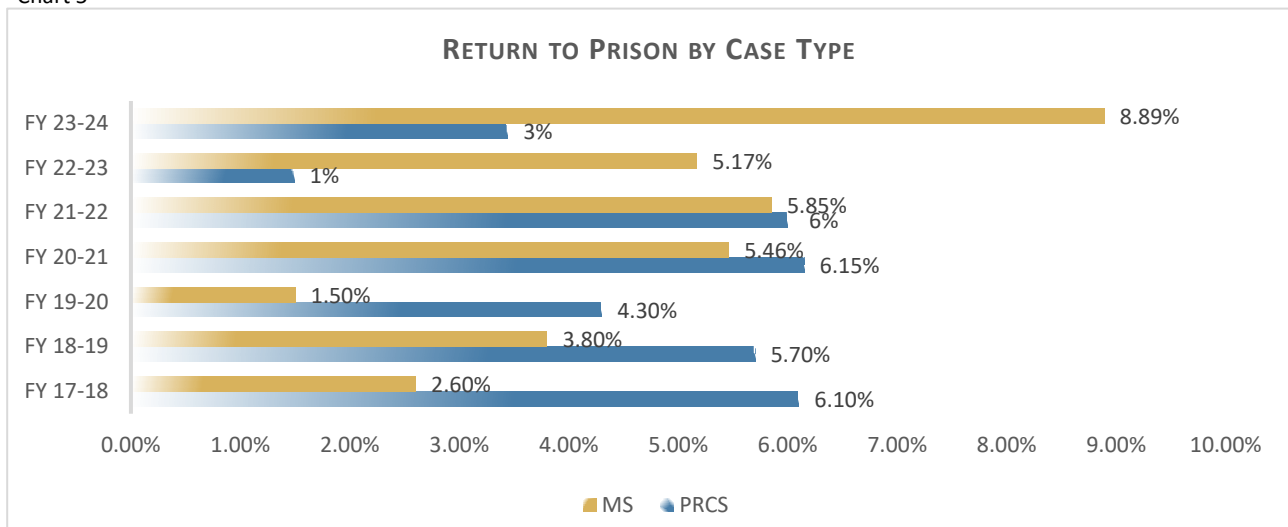
Total Number of Cases Active the FY: 148  
Number of cases closed: 60

Table 2

Mandatory Supervision Unsuccessful Reason:	
Violation for a Technical	0%
Violation for New Misdemeanor	0%
Violation for New Felony	100%

This chart represents the percentage of Mandatory Supervision and PRCS clients sentenced to prison as a result of new felony convictions from FY 2017-2018 to FY 2023-2024.

Chart 5





# Monterey County

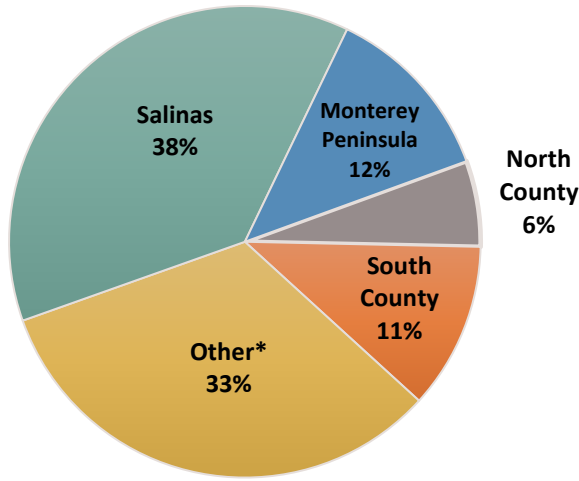
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Chart 6

Demographic data represents individuals who had an active PRCS or Mandatory Supervision case during the FY 2023-2024.

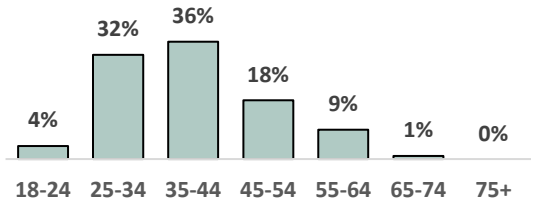
N = 687

## Geographic Residency

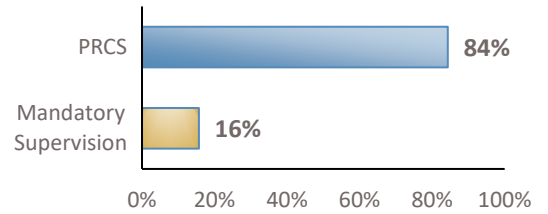


\*Other includes out of county or unknown

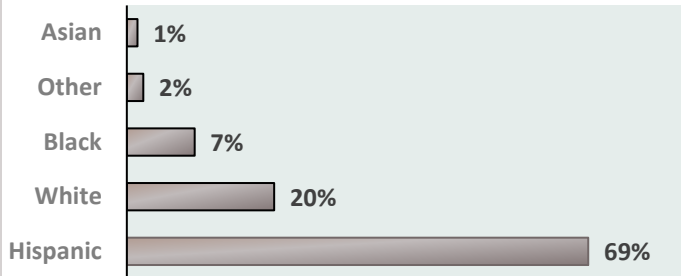
## Age Range



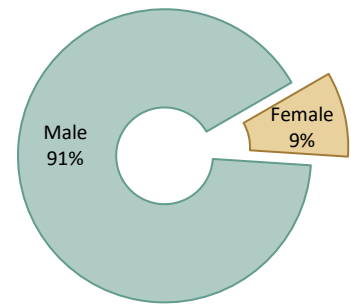
## Community Supervision



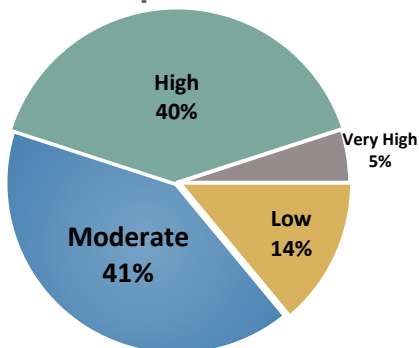
## Race/Ethnicity



## Gender



## Levels of Risk and Supervision



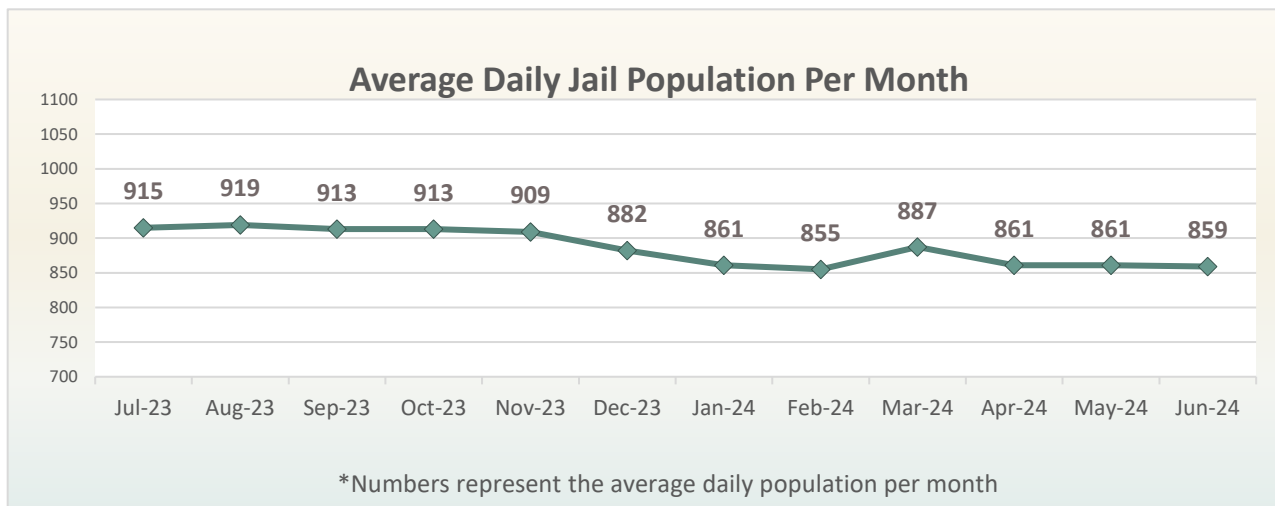
Risk Assessment: Probation utilizes the ORAS (Ohio Risk Assessment System) to calculate an individuals' risk to re-offend. Effective probation supervision utilizing evidence-based practices indicate that those with a score of moderate to high are most likely to benefit from rehabilitative services. Supervision and services correlate with risk to reoffend; those that are at a higher risk are monitored more closely.



## Monterey County Jail

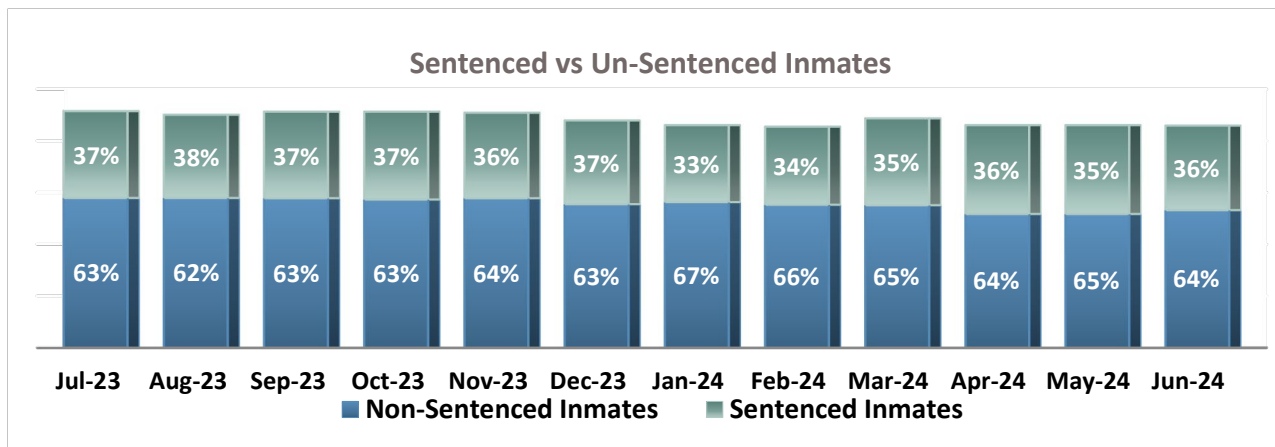
This chart represents the average daily jail population by month for the 2023-2024 fiscal year.

Chart 7



The Monterey County Jail Population includes those who have not yet been sentenced as well as those sentenced to a specific amount of custody time. The un-sentenced population reflected below are those in custody who do not have a scheduled release date, including those who are alleged to have violated the terms and conditions of their parole or probation.

Chart 8





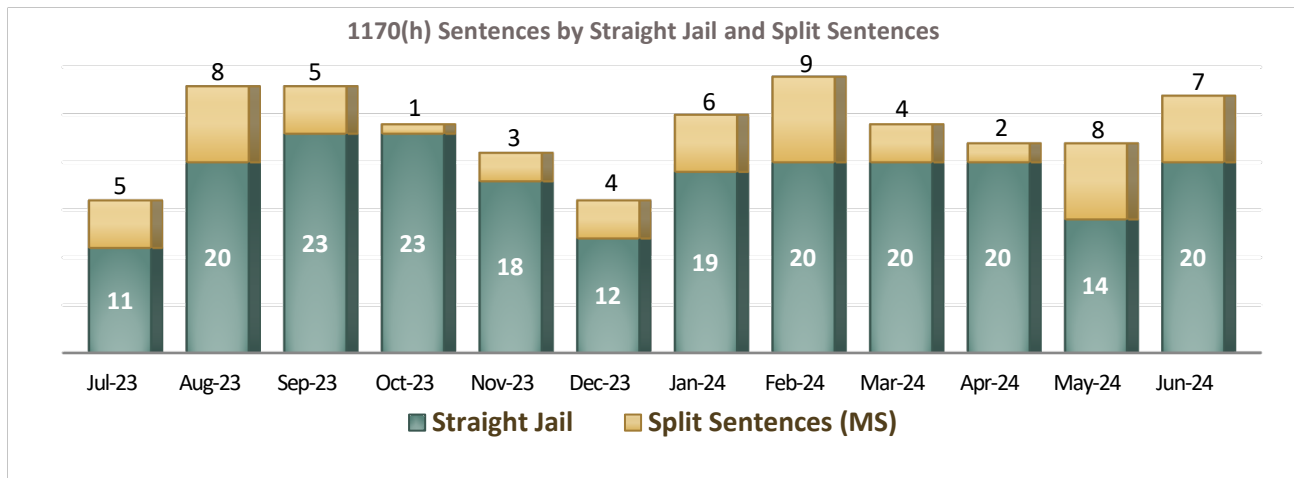
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Public safety realignment expanded the jail population to include offenders eligible and sentenced pursuant to PC 1170(h). These individuals would previously have been sent to prison but are now serving their sentence in county jail. This is commonly referred to as a local prison sentence or 1170(h) sentence.

Realignment gave the courts the ability to split an 1170(h) sentence, allowing a portion of it to be served on “Mandatory Supervision.” The chart below represents the number of 1170(h) straight jail sentences and the number of split sentences released on Mandatory Supervision during the fiscal year.

Chart 9



This table reflects the number of 1170(h) inmates in jail custody at the end of each month in fiscal year 2023-2024.

Table 3

1170(h) Inmates in Custody at the End of Each Month											
Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun
105	110	111	89	97	90	81	81	82	84	87	76

This table represents the percentage of sentenced in jail custody at the end of each month.

Table 4

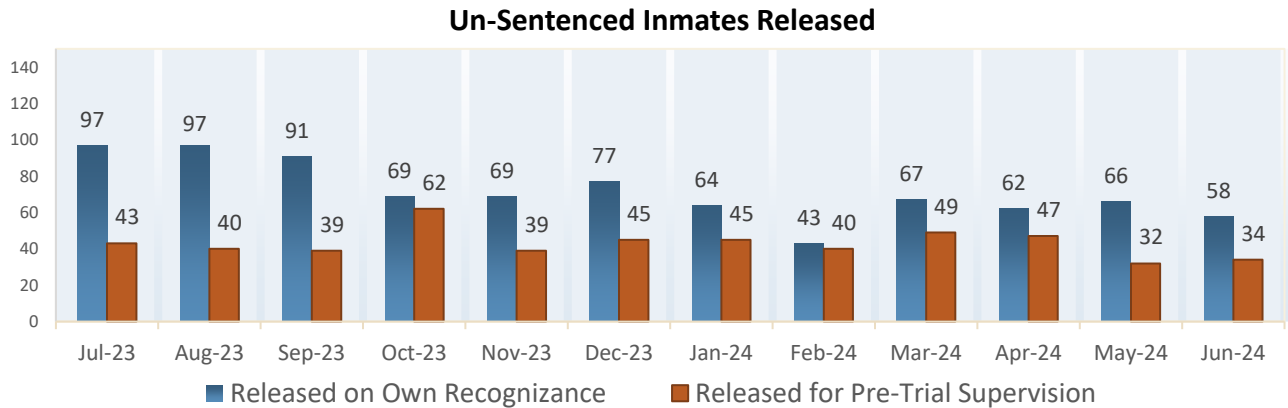
Percentage of Sentenced Jail Population serving an 1170(h) Sentence											
Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun
31%	34%	33%	26%	29%	28%	27%	27%	24%	24%	25%	23%



### Alternatives to Custody

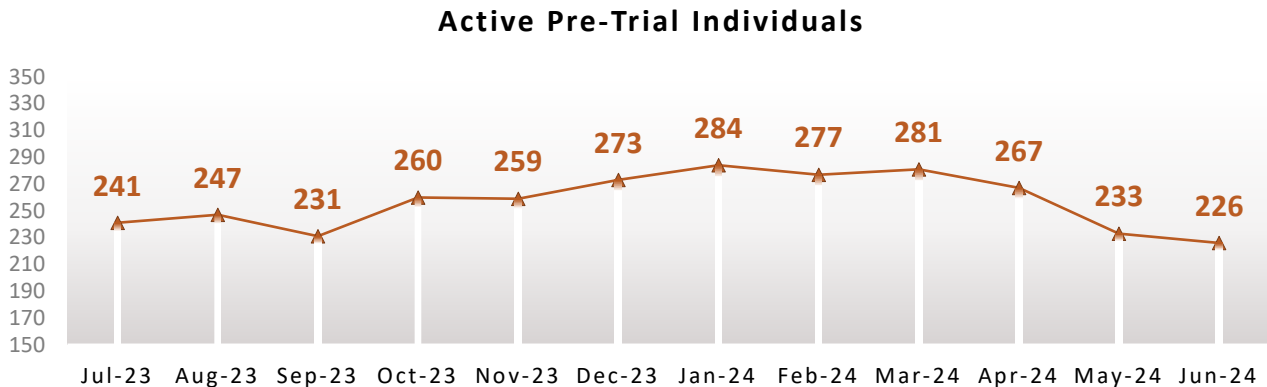
Many inmates who have not yet been sentenced are released on their own recognizance, while some are placed under Pre-Trial Supervision by a superior court judge. This chart represents the number of individuals released each month over the last fiscal year, distinguishing between those released on their own recognizance and those released with pre-trial supervision.

Chart 10



The Probation Department completes risk assessments and court reports prior to arraignment for newly booked inmates that are potentially eligible for release. The court then determines who will remain in custody and who will be released for pretrial supervision pending their subsequent court appearances.

Chart 11







### Work Alternative Program

The Monterey County Jail Work Alternative Program allows offenders to perform physical labor as an alternative to jail custody. Participants are booked and enrolled in the program and are assigned a future date to report for their work assignments.

Table 5

FY 2023-2024	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN
New Bookings Per Month	91	135	114	150	136	68	163	131	132	185	161	205

### Supervised Home Confinement

Supervised Home Confinement (SHC) allows offenders sentenced to county jail to participate in a home detention program instead of serving time in jail. The program employs global positioning system technology to monitor participants who voluntarily apply. Approved participants are released with a non-removable, cellular-based tracking device and are supervised by the Probation Department.

Table 6

FY 2023-2024	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN
People Placed on SHC Each Month	32	44	32	39	37	18	31	34	34	50	44	46

### Residential Substance Abuse Placement

Many inmates require treatment in a residential setting to address substance abuse and addiction. By facilitating their application process and transporting them directly from custody to the treatment facility, numerous individuals are able to be released from jail prior to completing their sentence.

Table 7

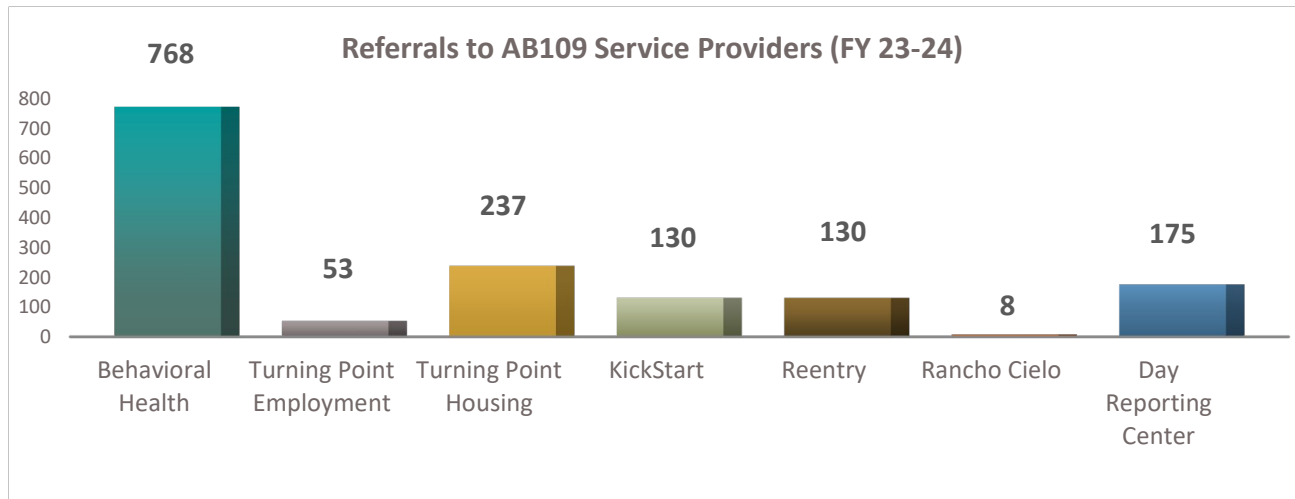
FY 2023-2024	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN
Residential Substance Abuse Placements Each Month	13	24	16	14	13	9	11	8	7	13	14	15



## AB109 Service Provider Referrals

During fiscal year 2023-2024, Probation made a total of 1,501 service referrals for those under community supervision and assessed to be “high risk” to re-offend.

Chart 12



N = 1501



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