# **Ground Water Summary Report** 2012



# Monterey County Water Resources Agency October 2013



# Table of Contents

	v of the Ground Water Reporting Program						
	of the Ground Water Reporting Program						
	ng Methods						
Disclaimer							
Report	ng Format	1					
	Water Extraction Data Summary						
	ary of Methods Used for Extraction Reporting xtraction Data by Hydrologic Subarea and Type of Use						
	Extraction Data by City or Area						
Agricult	ural Water Conservation Plans	4					
	tural Water Pumped						
Urban W	ater Conservation Plans	10					
	List of Tables						
Table 1.	Total extraction data by reporting method						
Table 2.	Total extraction data by hydrologic subarea and type of use						
Table 3.	Urban extraction data by city or area	3					
Table 4.	1993 – net acre distribution of irrigation methods by crop type (based on 94% companies reported)	4					
Table 5.	2011 – net acre distribution of irrigation methods by crop type (based on 94% companies reported)	4					
Table 6.	2012 - net acre distribution of irrigation methods by crop type (based on 92% companies reported)	4					
Table 7.	2013 - net acre distribution of irrigation methods by crop type (based on 94% companies reported)	4					
Table 8.	Agricultural Best Management Practices reported to be adopted from 2006 through 2013	6					
Table 9.	Urban Best Management Practices reported to be adopted from 2009 through 2013	10					
	List of Figures						
Figure 1.	Agency Zones and hydrologic subareas of the Salinas Valley Ground Water Basin	2					
Figure 2.	Percentage distribution by volume of methods used for extraction reporting	3					
Figure 3.	Percentage of total extractions by hydrologic subarea	3					
Figure 4.	Distribution of urban extraction by city or area	3					
Figure 5.	Types of irrigation methods used in the Salinas Valley based on companies reported	5					
	Top ten Best Management Practices forecasted for 2013 based on reported net acres						
•	2012 reported acre-feet by crop type & hydrologic subarea						
	2012 reported net acres by crop type & hydrologic subarea						
	2012 reported acre-feet/acre by crop type & hydrologic subarea						

## Overview of the Ground Water Reporting Program

### **History of the Ground Water Reporting Program**

In February 1993, the Monterey County Board of Supervisors adopted Ordinance No. 3663 that required water suppliers within Zones 2, 2A, and 2B to report water-use information for ground water extraction facilities (wells) and service connections to the Monterey County Water Resources Agency (Agency). Monterey County Ordinance No. 3717, which replaced Ordinance No. 3663 and was adopted in October 1993, modified certain other requirements in the previous ordinance while keeping the ground water extraction reporting requirements in place for wells with a discharge pipe having an inside diameter of at least three inches.

The Agency has collected ground water extraction data from well operators, for the period beginning November 1 and ending October 31, starting with the 1992-1993 reporting year. Information received from the 300-plus well operators in the above-referenced zones of the Salinas Valley is compiled by the Ground Water Extraction Management System (GEMS) portion of the Water Resources Agency Information Management System (WRAIMS), a relational database maintained by the Agency. The intent of the ground water reporting program is to provide documentation of the reported amount of ground water that is extracted from Zones 2, 2A, and 2B of the Salinas Valley Ground Water Basin each year.

Since 1991, the Agency has required the annual submittal of Agricultural Water Conservation Plans (Ordinance 3851), which outline the best management practices that are adopted each year by growers in the Salinas Valley. In 1996, an ordinance was passed that requires the filing of Urban Water Conservation Plans (Ordinance 3886). Developed as the urban counterpart of the agricultural water conservation plans, this program provides an overview of the best management practices being implemented by urban water purveyors as conservation measures.

### 2012 Ground Water Summary Report

The purpose of this report is to summarize the data submitted to the Agency by well operators in February 2013 from the following annual reports:

- Ground Water Extraction Reports (agricultural and urban)
- Water Conservation Plans (agricultural and urban)
- Water and Land Use Forms (agricultural)

The agricultural data from the ground water extraction program covers the reporting year of November 1, 2011, through October 31, 2012; the urban data covers calendar year 2012. The agricultural and urban water conservation plans adopted for 2013 are also summarized. This report is intended to present a synopsis of current water extraction within the Salinas Valley, including agricultural and urban water conservation improvements that are being implemented to reduce the total amount of water pumped. It is not the purpose of this report to thoroughly analyze the factors that contribute to increases or decreases in pumping.

#### **Reporting Methods**

The Ground Water Conservation and Extraction Program provides well operators with a choice of three different reporting methods for each of their wells: Water Flowmeter, Electrical Meter, or Hour Meter (timer). The summary of ground water extractions presented in this report is compiled from data generated by all three reporting methods. Ordinance 3717 requires annual pump efficiency tests and/or meter calibration of each well to ensure the accuracy of the data reported.

#### **Disclaimer**

While the Agency has made every effort to ensure the accuracy of the data presented in this report, it should be noted that the data are submitted by individual reporting parties and are not verified by Agency staff. In addition, since so many factors can affect the extraction calculations, it is understood that no reporting method is 100 percent accurate. The Agency maintains strict quality assurance in the compilation, standardization, and entry of the data received. The Agency received Ground Water Extraction Reports from ninety-seven percent (97%) of the 1867 wells in the Salinas Valley for the 2012 reporting year. Agricultural and Urban Water Conservation Plan submittals for 2013 were ninety-four percent (94%) and one hundred percent (100%), respectively.

#### **Reporting Format**

Ground water extraction data are presented in this report by measurement in acre-feet. One acre-foot is equal to 325,851 gallons.

## **Ground Water Extraction Data Summary**

The Salinas Valley Ground Water Basin is divided into four major hydrologic subareas whose boundaries are derived from discernible changes in the hydrogeologic conditions of the underground aquifers. Figure 1 (below) illustrates the Agency-designated Zones of the Salinas Valley in relation to the hydrologic subareas.

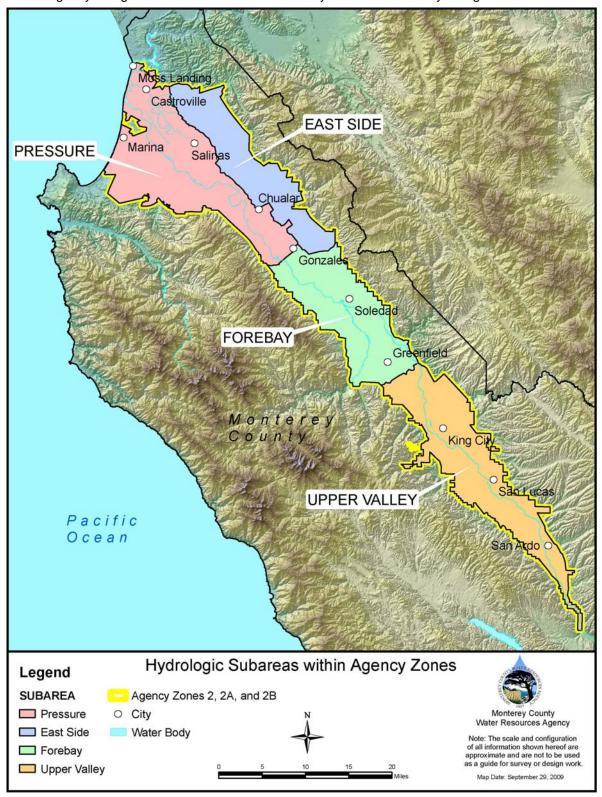


Figure 1. Agency Zones and hydrologic subareas of the Salinas Valley Ground Water Basin

## **Ground Water Extraction Data Summary (continued)**

## **Summary of Methods Used for Extraction Reporting**

The distribution of methods used for ground water extraction reporting (agricultural and urban) for the 2012 reporting year is shown in Table 1; a percentage distribution by volume is shown in Figure 2.

Table 1. Total extraction data by reporting method

Reporting Method	Acre-Feet per Reporting Method	Wells per Reporting Method		
Water Flowmeter	343,597	1,380		
Electrical Meter	136,543	407		
Hour Meter	9,101	18		
Total (2012)	489,241	1,806		
Average ('03-'12)	495,968	1,756		

### Total Extraction Data by Hydrologic Subarea and Type of Use

The total ground water extractions for the 2012 reporting year are summarized by hydrologic subarea, type of use (agricultural and urban in Table 2), and percentage (Figure 3).

Table 2. Total extraction data by hydrologic subarea and type of use

Subarea	Agricultural Pumping (acre-feet)	Urban Pumping (acre-feet)	Total Pumping (acre-feet)
Pressure	95,814	18,084	113,898
East Side	82,451	13,092	95,543
Forebay	135,971	7,488	143,459
Upper Valley	132,383	3,957	136341
Total	446,620	42,621	489,241
Percent of Total	91.3%	8.7%	100%



The total ground water extractions attributed to urban (residential, commercial/institutional, industrial, and governmental) pumping for the

2012 reporting year are summarized by city or area in Table 3. Figure 4 shows how the total urban pumping for 2012 is apportioned among each city or area.



	Urban Pumping	Percentage
City or Area	(AF)	of Total
Castroville	776	1.82%
Chualar	130	0.30%
Gonzales	1,454	3.41%
Greenfield	2,426	5.69%
King City	2,735	6.42%
Marina	4,129	9.69%
Other Areas (OA)		
OA-Pressure	3,893	9.13%
OA-East Side	3,434	8.06%
OA-Forebay	933	2.19%
OA-Upper Valley	1,081	2.54%
Salinas	17,360	40.73%
San Ardo	110	0.26%
San Lucas	31	0.07%
Soledad	2,519	5.91%
Soledad Prisons	1,610	3.78%
Total	42,621	100.00%

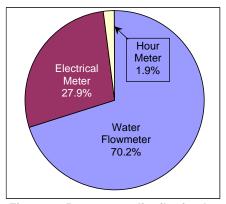


Figure 2. Percentage distribution by volume of methods used for extraction reporting

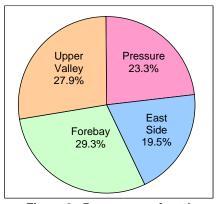


Figure 3. Percentage of total extractions by hydrologic subarea

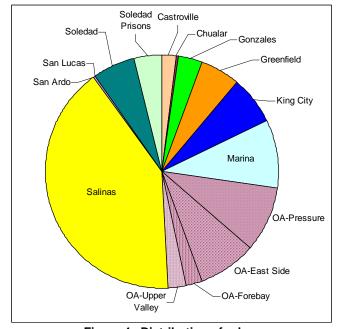


Figure 4. Distribution of urban extraction by city or area

## **Agricultural Water Conservation Plans**

The Agricultural Water Conservation Plans include net irrigated acreage, irrigation method, and crop category. This information is forecasted and indicates what the grower plans to do in the upcoming year. It reflects the changing trends in irrigation methods in the Salinas Valley. Tables 4, 5, 6, and 7 show the distribution of irrigation methods by crop type for 1993, 2011, 2012 and 2013, respectively. Figure 5 (on the following page) illustrates the irrigation method trends from 1993 to 2013.

Table 4. 1993 - net acre distribution of irrigation methods by crop type (based on 94% companies reported)

		Sprinkler	Hand Move	Solid Set	Linear			
1993	Furrow	& Furrow	Sprinklers	Sprinklers	Move	Drip	Other <sup>1</sup>	Total
Vegetables	2,349	84,060	30,764	6,607	3,827	3,682	0	131,289
Field Crops	575	2,173	2,236	90	50	48	0	5,172
Berries	1	0	0	0	0	4,158	0	4,159
Grapes	261	0	0	13,347	0	15,976	0	29,584
Tree Crops	0	0	122	251	0	1,216	10	1,599
Forage	41	202	1,327	0	48	0	189	1,807
Unirrigated								N/A
Total	3,227	86,435	34,449	20,295	3,925	25,080	199	173,610

Table 5. 2011 - net acre distribution of irrigation methods by crop type (based on 94% companies reported)

2011	Furrow	Sprinkler & Furrow	Hand Move Sprinklers	Solid Set Sprinklers	Linear Move	Drip	Other <sup>1</sup>	Total
Vegetables	30	24,027	23,409	9,907	869	62,275	185	120,702
Field Crops	35	444	266	80	1,416	544	0	2,785
Berries	0	38	0	340	0	6,810	0	7,188
Grapes	0	0	0	620	0	33,008	0	33,628
Tree Crops	0	0	0	366	0	1,742	0	2,108
Forage	18	0	133	0	0	0	132	283
Other Type <sup>2</sup>	0	126	2,427	175	12	1,321	100	4,161
Unirrigated								6,137
Total	83	24,635	26,235	11,488	2,297	105,700	417	176,992

Table 6. 2012 - net acre distribution of irrigation methods by crop type (based on 92% companies reported)

	_	Sprinkler	Hand Move	Solid Set	Linear		a 1	
2012	Furrow	& Furrow	Sprinklers	Sprinklers	Move	Drip	Other <sup>1</sup>	Total
Vegetables	0	22,556	19,469	7,476	677	69,040	2,001	121,219
Field Crops	0	323	284	206	1,416	389	140	2,758
Berries	0	122	0	100	0	7,707	0	7,929
Grapes	0	0	0	363	0	34,381	0	34,744
Tree Crops	0	0	0	0	0	1,724	0	1,724
Forage	0	138	172	0	0	1	0	311
Other Type <sup>2</sup>	36	126	2,297	126	12	886	20	3,503
Unirrigated	•							6,317
Total	36	23,265	22,222	8,271	2,105	114,128	2,161	178,505

Table 7. 2013 - net acre distribution of irrigation methods by crop type (based on 94% companies reported)

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2013	Furrow	Sprinkler & Furrow	Hand Move Sprinklers	Solid Set Sprinklers	Linear Move	Drip	Other <sup>1</sup>	Total
Vegetables	389	19,621	15,737	12,209	591	69,773	2,463	120,783
Field Crops	0	167	166	121	0	280	0	734
Berries	0	122	0	0	0	6,610	0	6,732
Grapes	0	0	0	363	0	34,358	0	34,721
Tree Crops	0	0	0	0	0	1,695	0	1,695
Forage	0	145	107	2	0	1	68	323
Other Type <sup>2</sup>	0	126	2,592	126	7	900	25	3,776
Unirrigated								1,280
Total	389	20,181	18,602	12,821	598	113,617	2,556	170,044

<sup>1 &</sup>quot;Other" may include an irrigation system not listed here or a different combination of systems

NOTE: Percentage of companies reported varies from year to year

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> "Other Type" are for other crop types not included, i.e. cactus, flower bulbs, etc.

## **Agricultural Water Conservation Plans (continued)**

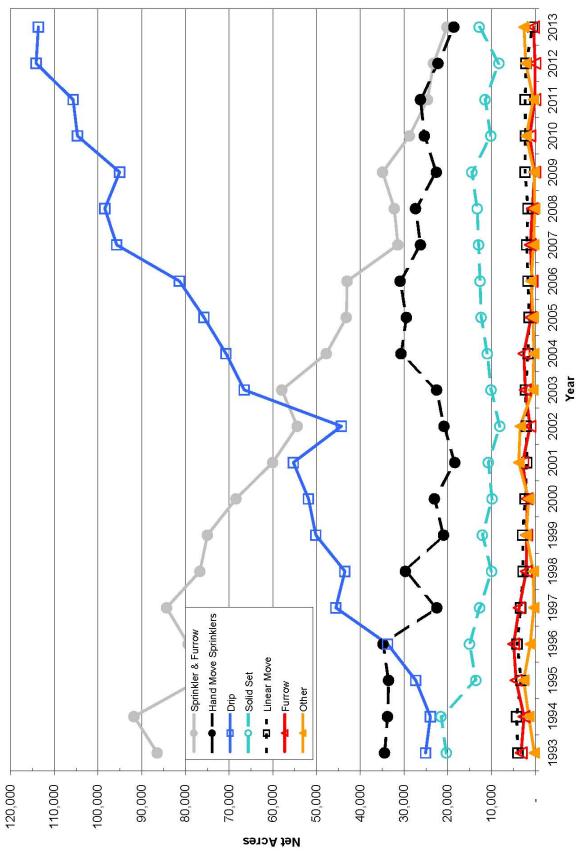


Figure 5. Types of irrigation methods used in the Salinas Valley based on companies reported NOTE: Reported net acres vary from year to year

## **Agricultural Water Conservation Plans (continued)**

Since 1991, Salinas Valley growers have submitted Agricultural Water Conservation Plans to the Agency. Table 8 shows the number of net acres, by year, for selected Best Management Practices (BMPs) or water conservation measures which were reported to be implemented over the past five years.

Table 8. Agricultural Best Management Practices reported to be adopted from 2009 through 2013

Best Management Practices	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
12 Months Set Aside	9,043	7,447	3,285	8,172	1,314
Summer Fallow	509	692	1,944	688	1,462
Water Flowmeters	124,561	138,957	144,353	141,595	132,104
Time Clock/Pressure Switch	126,694	144,853	153,715	152,488	144,693
Soil Moisture Sensors	32,427	44,644	46,121	46,309	45,953
Pre-Irrigation Reduction	84,693	96,908	99,362	94,954	92,338
Reduced Sprinkler Spacing	83,046	90,065	97,926	90,503	89,289
Sprinkler Improvements	105,495	111,889	115,517	115,946	108,617
Off-Wind Irrigation	107,552	114,843	116,209	114,110	108,243
Leakage Reduction	105,702	113,820	115,255	113,372	110,565
Micro Irrigation System	71,710	67,383	87,464	93,146	84,031
Surge Flow Irrigation	7,182	8,785	11,473	12,275	10,154
Tailwater Return System	10,046	16,581	15,402	13,577	8,220
Land Leveling/Grading	56,482	73,361	76,436	79,534	65,306

Note: Due to unique crop rotations, it is difficult to account for each BMP used on total Crop Acres; therefore Net Acres were used.

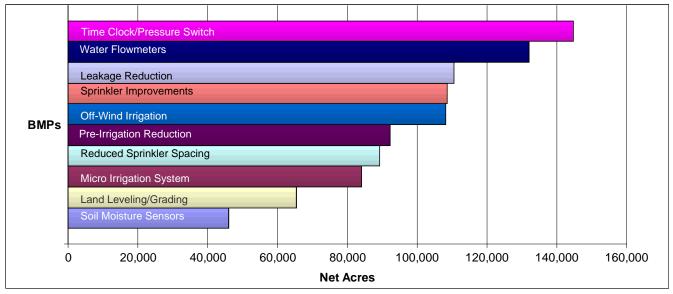


Figure 6. Top Ten Best Management Practices forecasted for 2013 based on reported net acres

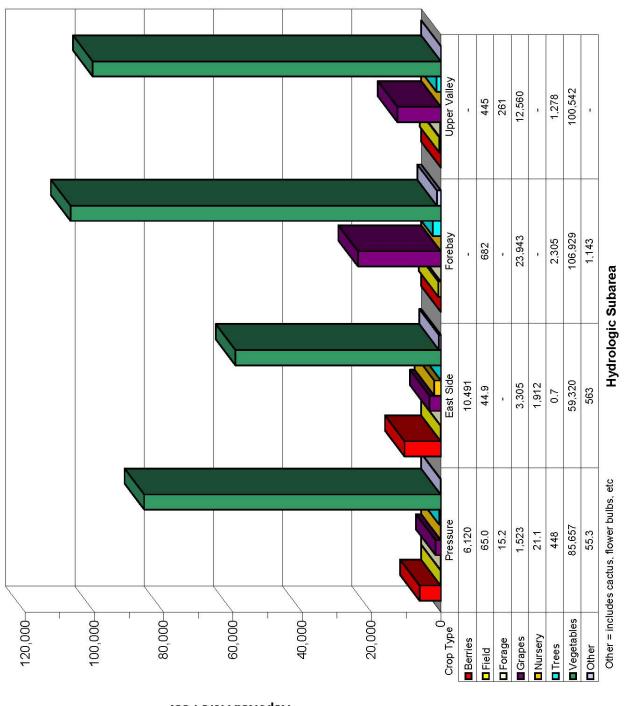
## **Water and Land Use Forms**

#### **Agricultural Water Pumped**

The following three figures present the agricultural water pumped (Fig. 7), irrigated net acres (Fig. 8), and amount of water used per acre (Fig. 9) by hydrologic subarea and crop type. The data was compiled using the reported acreage and water pumped from the 2012 Water and Land Use Forms. The data accounts for all crop types reported and all reporting methods: Water Flowmeter, Electrical Meter, and Hour Meter.

Changing weather patterns, variable soils, and crop types affect the amount of water needed for efficient irrigation. Even during a normal rain year, pumping rates will vary from one subarea to another and crop types will vary depending on economic demand.

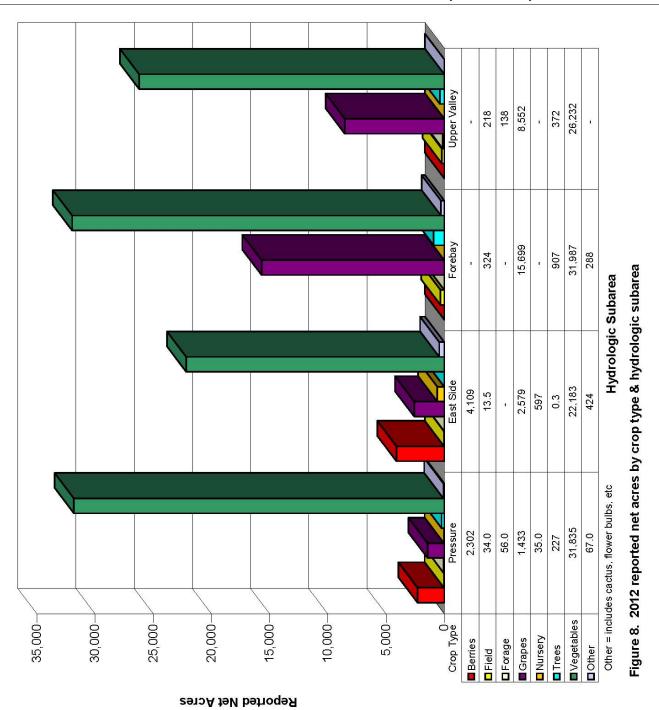
# Water and Land Use Forms (continued)



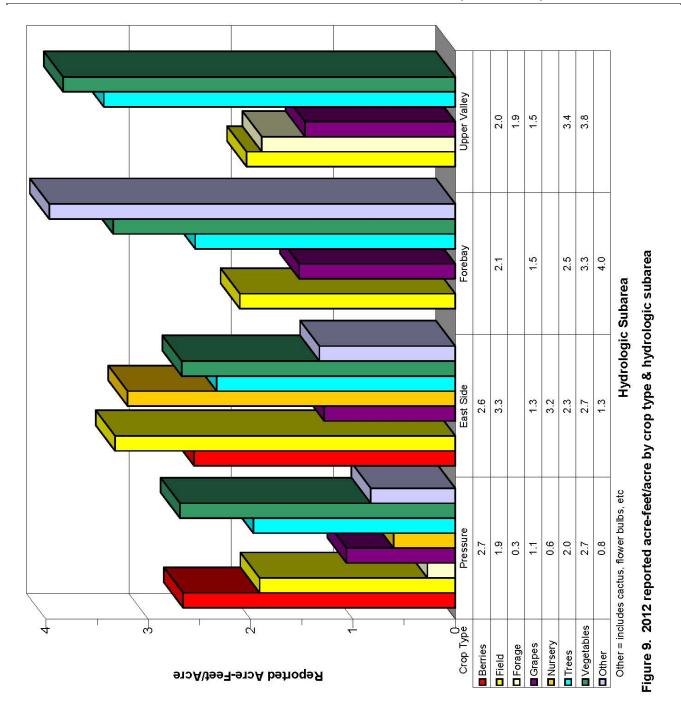
Reported Acre-Feet

Figure 7. 2012 reported acre-feet by crop type & hydrologic subarea

# Water and Land Use Forms (continued)



# Water and Land Use Forms (continued)



## **Urban Water Conservation Plans**

Since 1996, the Agency has been collecting data for the Urban Water Conservation Plan program. Table 9 shows the forecasted adoption of "Best Management Practices" (water conservation measures) for the past three years, as a percentage of total acreage reported. It is important to note that, while all of the listed practices apply to "large" water systems (200 or more customer connections), not all apply to "small" water systems (between 15 and 199 customer connections). The practices that apply **only** to large systems are printed in **bold** below.

Table 9. Urban Best Management Practices reported to be adopted from 2011 through 2013

Best Management Practices	2011	2012	2013
Provide speakers to community groups and media	85%	81%	85%
Use paid and public service advertising	74%	96%	89%
Provide conservation information in bill inserts	94%	95%	94%
Provide individual historical water use information on water bills	92%	92%	96%
Coordinate with other entities in regional efforts to promote water conservation practices	94%	95%	94%
Work with school districts to provide educational materials and instructional assistance	61%	92%	91%
Implement requirements that all new connections be metered and billed by volume of use	99%	99%	98%
Establish a program to retrofit any existing unmetered connections and bill by volume of use	77%	78%	39%
Offer free interior and exterior water audits to identify water conservation opportunities	98%	100%	98%
Provide incentives to achieve water conservation by way of free conservation fixtures (showerheads, hose end timers) and/or conservation "adjustments" to water bills	94%	90%	89%
Enforcement and support of water conserving plumbing fixture standards, including requirement for ultra low flush toilets in all new construction	78%	98%	94%
Support of State/Federal legislation prohibiting sale of toilets using more than 1.6 gallons per flush	96%	97%	97%
Program to retrofit existing toilets to reduce flush volume (with displacement devices)	66%	34%	48%
Program to encourage replacement of existing toilets with ultra low flush (through rebates, incentives, etc.)	89%	95%	89%
Provide guidelines, information, and/or incentives for installation of more efficient landscapes and water-saving practices	94%	90%	94%
Encourage local nurseries to promote use of low water use plants	78%	78%	77%
Develop and implement landscape water conservation ordinances pursuant to the "Water Conservation in Landscaping Act"	63%	63%	63%
Identify and contact top industrial, commercial, and/or institutional customers directly; offer and encourage water audits to identify conservation opportunities	89%	87%	89%
Review proposed water uses for new commercial and industrial water service, and make recommendations for improving efficiency before completion of building permit process	64%	84%	84%
Complete an audit of water distribution system at least every three years as prescribed by American Water Works Association	74%	92%	93%
Perform distribution system leak detection and repair whenever the audit reveals that it would be cost effective	79%	97%	98%
Advise customers when it appears possible that leaks exist on customer's side of water meter	99%	99%	97%
Identify irrigators of large landscapes (3 acres or more) and offer landscape audits to determine conservation opportunities	90%	89%	90%
Provide conservation training, information, and incentives necessary to encourage use of conservation practices	91%	92%	96%
Encourage and promote the elimination of non-conserving pricing and adoption of conservation pricing policies	91%	86%	86%
Implementation of conservation pricing policies	96%	91%	91%
Enact and enforce measures prohibiting water waste as specified in Agency Ordinance No. 3932 or as subsequently amended, and encourage the efficient use of water	64%	71%	76%
Implement and/or support programs for the treatment and reuse of industrial waste water / storm water / waste water	53%	67%	66%

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